SKIDANENKO, f.K., kand. tekhn. nauk

Dependence of the accuracy of relief mapping on the location of the surveying points and generalization in drawing. lzv.vys.ucheb.zav.; geod. i aerof. no.1:49-64

164.

BOL'SHAKOV, Vasilly Dmitrlyevice SKIDANENKO, K.K., kand. tekhn.

nauk, retsenzent; BORMISTIOV, G.A., kand. tekhn. nauk;

GAYDAYEV, P.A., doktor tekhn. nauk, red.

[Theory of errors of observation and the fundamentals of the theory of probability] Teorila oshibok nabliudenii s the theory of probability] Teorila oshibok nabliudenii s osnovami teoril verolatnostei. Moskva, Nedra, 1965. 183 p. osnovami teoril verolatnostei. (MIRA 18:10)

SKILANERKO, K.K., kand. tekhn. nauk

Colving some problems of vertical planning by linear programing.

Jav. vys. ucheb. zav.; geod. 1 merof. no.2:83-88 '65.

(MIRA 18:10)

1. Submitted Dec. 25, 1964.

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3113 30 S/152/62/000/003/001/002 B126/B101

53300

Skidanova, N. I., Chernozhukov, N. I. AUTHORS:

Investigation of liquid paraffin-naphthene bydrocarbons in oil distillates of Kotur-Tepe petroleum TITLE

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Neft: i gaz, no. 3; PERIODICAL 1962 79-83

TEXT: Six narrow fractions of liquid paraffin-naphthene hydrocarbons were obtained from each of three distillates of Turkmenian petroleum from the Ketur Tepe calfield. The boiling ranges of the distillates were $350 - 400^{\circ}$ C, $400 - 450^{\circ}$ C and $450 - 500^{\circ}$ C and the respective pour points +10°C, +23°C and +35°C. The methods applied were chromatography with silica gel of ACK(ASK) brand, dewaxing in acetone-benzene-toluene solution at 10°C; treating with carbamide, fractional crystallization of those hydrocarbons which did not combine with carbamide when dissolved in acetone at +20°C. -20°C and -40°C, and chromatography with activated Card 1/3

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Investigation of liquid paraffin- ...

chardeal of SAY (BAU) brand; mainly iso-octane was used for description. The test results showed that at a lower crystallization temperature the achidification point of the separated hydrocarbons also falls, their molecular weight decreases and ring formation increases. Part of the naphthene hydrocarbons from all three distillates remained in the acetone solution even at -40°C and contained less naphthene rings in the molecule than those separated at $+20^{\circ}\text{C}$, -20°C and -40°C ; this implies that their paraffin chains are very long. All naphthene fractions of the 350-400°C distillate are on the average mono and bicyclic, the viscouity index is semewhat lewer than that of similar fractions of the 400-450°C distillate as the side chains are shorter. The 400-450°C distillate contains more bacyclic and also some tricyclic hydrocarbons separated at -40°C, the viscosity index is lower than that of similar fractions of the other two distillates as the side chains are longer. In general the higher the bosling range the greater is the quantity of naphthene hydrocarbons insoluble in acetone at +20°C, probably due to the increase in the number Cand 2/3

Investigation of liquid paraffin-...

S/152/62/000/003/001/002 B126/B101

of cambon atoms in the side chains. The number of rings was determined by elementary analysis. There are 6 tables,

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy

promyshlennosti im, akad. I. M. Gubkina

(Moscow Institute of Petrochemical and Gas Industry imeni

Academician I. M. Gubkin)

SUBMITTED:

November 21, 1961

Card 3/3

SKIDANOVA, N.I.; CURDYREV, A.A.; CHERNOZHUKOV, N.I.

Solubility in furfurole of aromatic hydrocarbons isolated from the oil fractions of the Ketur-Tape petroleum. Izv.vys. ucheb.zav.; neft' i gaz 5 no.2:59-65 '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti imeni akademika I.M. Gubkina. (Hydrocarbons) (Furaldehyde) (Kotur-Tape region--Petroleum--Refining)

SKIDANOVA, N.I.; CHERNOZHUKOV, N.I.

Studying liquid paraffin-naphthenic hydrocarbons, components of oil distillates of the Kotur-Tepe petroleum. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 5 no.3:79-83 '62. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti imeni akademika I.M. Gubkina.

L 10589-63

EPF(c)/EWT(m)/BDS Pr-4 RM/WW

ACCESSION NR: AP3001471

5/0152/63/000/004/0048/0048

587

AUTHOR: Skidanova, N. I.; Gundyrev, A. A.; Chernozhukov, N. I.

TITLE: Solubility of aromatic hydrocarbons (found in oil fractions of Koturtepin petroleum) in furfurol and its dependence on the structure of their compounds

SOURCE: IVUZ. Neft' i gaz, no. 4, 1963, 43-48

TOPIC TAGS: Intermolecular bonds, bond energy, solubility of aromatic hydrocarbons, furfurel, aromatic hydrocarbons

ABSTRACT: The viscosities and densities of closely-distilled aromatic hydrocarbons and their mixtures were measured in the temperature interval between 50 and 100C, and the intermolecular bond energy was measured on the basis of these values. It was shown that, with an increase of molecular weight of the fraction, the bond energy decreases on account of the increased number of hydrogen atoms in the side chains, and the number of cycles in the aromatic hydrocarbon molecules in the side chains, and the number of cycles in the aromatic hydrocarbon molecules are simultaneously decreased. The bond energies were calculated for the solutions of various concentrations of one of the closely-distilled fractions in furfurol. It was found that the lowest bond energy is present in compounds which are closely related to the compounds with the worst mutual solubility. It was also shown

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001551010015-2

10589-63 ACCESSION NR: AP3001471

that the value b, which is a constant for a given fraction, depends on the structure of mixed hydrocarbons and it is always higher than the value of b for the original fractions of binary mixtures of aromatic hydrocarbons. The study of solubility of close aromatic hydrocarbon fractions in furfurol can be useful in establishing the structure of hydrocarbons present in these fractions. Orig. art. has: 3 tables and 2 graphs.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gasovoy promy*shlennosti im. akad. I. M. Gubkina (Moscow Institute for the Petrochemical and Gas Industry)

SUBMITTED: 22Jun62

DATE ACQD: 10Jun63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE:

NO REF SOV: .003

OTHER:

SKIDAROVA, N.I.; GUEDYREY, A.A.; GHERNOTHUKOV, N.I.

Solubility in furfural of aromatic hydrocarbons separated from oily fractions from the petroleum of the Koturtepe field. Trudy MINKHIGP no.44:235-241 '63. (MIRA 18:5)

ACC NR. AP6020907 (A, N) SOURCE CODE: UR/0202/66/000/001/0049/0055

AUTHOR: Skidanova, N. I.

ORG: Krasnovodsk Petroleum Refinery (Krasnovodskiy neftepererabatyvayushchiy zavod)

TITLE: Study of straight-run mazut produced by the Krasnovodsk Petroleum Refinery as raw material for the production of lubricating oils

SOURCE: AN TurkmSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fiziko-tekhnicheskikh, khimicheskikh i geologicheskikh nauk, no. 1, 1966, 49-55

TOPIC TAGS: lubricating oil, petroleum product

ABSTRACT: The study was made in order to select the most suitable solvent and the optimum extent of purification of oil distillates for the purpose of obtaining lubricating oils from straight-run mazut. The latter was distilled out of a Claisen flask into fractions boiling at 350-400, 400-450, 450-500, and 500-550°C, which were purified with various amounts of furfural and phenol, then deparaffinized. The use of phenol as the selective solvent produces high-index oils in moderate yields, while the use of furfural produces medium-index oils in high yields. The total yield of all the oils (based on the petroleum) is 17%. It is shown that all the finished oils obtained from the mazut have a high content of paraffinic-naphthenic hydrocarbons (from 75 to 90%) and low content of aromatic hydrocarbons. Orig. art. has: 5 tables.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 16Nov65/ ORIG REF: 001/ OTH REF: 001 Cord 1/1//// UDC: 665.521.5(478.9)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001551010015-2 FEETERST STATES TO SECTION AND RESERVED TO SECTION STATES AND STATES AND SECTION STATES AND SECTION SE

SKIDANENKO, K.K., kand.tekhn.nauk Investigating the accuracy of relief surveys by mathematical model studies of the topographic surface. Izv. v/s. ucheb.

zav.; geod. i aerof. no.5:25-35 '61. (Leveling) (MIRA 15:3)

CHIGURYAYEVA, A.A.; SKIDANOVA, Ye.A.

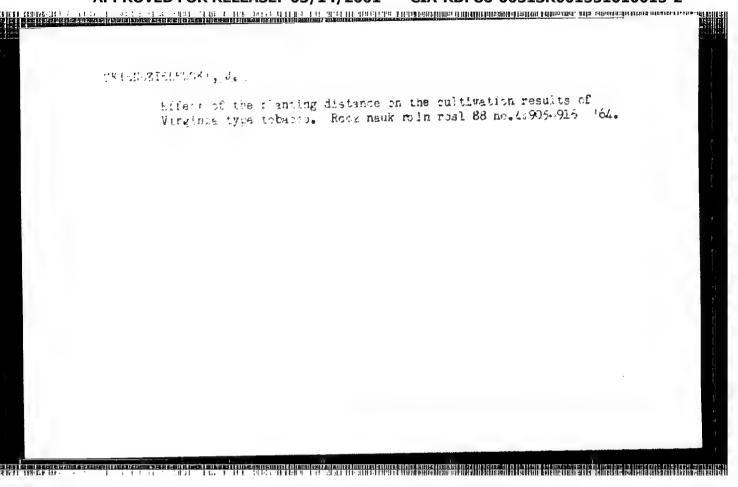
Data on the history of the vegetation of the Southeast during the Middle Pleistocene. Dokl. AN SSSR 117 no.1:127-130 N-D '57. (MIRA 11:3)

1. Saratovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. N.G.Chernyshevskogo. Predstavleno akademikom V.N.Sukachevym. (Russia, Southern--Paleobotany)

CHICURYAYEVA, A.A.; SKIDANOVA, Ye.A.; YAKHIMOVICH, V.L.

Material on the history of middle Pleistocene vegetation in the southeastern part of the European U.S.S.R. Vop. geol. vost. okr. Rus. platf. i 1Uzh. Urala no. 5:109-126 '60. (MIRA 14:5) (Volga Villey-Paleobotany, Stratigraphic) (Ural River Valley-Paleobotany, Stratigraphic)

SKIENDZIELEWSKI, J.
"Drying tobacco leaves in industrial drying chambers." (p. 75). NOWE ROLNICTWO (Panstwowe Wydawnichtwo Rolnicze i Lesne) Warszawa, Vol 3, No 1, Jan. 1954.
SO: East European Accessions List, Vol 3, No 8, Aug 1954.



SKIERCZYNSKA, Amelia

Attempts of employing trimethylmelamine for filling dental canals. Czas. stomat. 18 no.2:85-89 F '65

1. Z Kliniki Stomatologii Zachowawczej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr. J. Krzywicki).

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25626 P/047/61/012/003/001/003 D247/D302

9.4300 AUTHOR:

Skierczyńska, Jadwiga

TITLE:

The surface of a semiconductor

PERIODICAL:

Postępy fizyki, v. 12, no. 3, 1961, 291-300

TEXT: The author considers two problems; 1) the volume charge density, 2) surface states and methods of investigating them. Besides Tamm levels in a semiconductor there exist also levels due to the change or defect of the surface. Their density varies and when it is large, levels can split into bands. To obtain a surface containing only Tamm levels monocrystals are broken in a high vacuum. The surrounding atmosphere influences the surface conduction and the work function. The volume charge is concentrated just below the surface ($10^{-4} - 10^{-6}$ cms). The work function depends on the changes of the electrostatic potential on the surface and the position of the surface levels in the forbidden band. At large surface level densities, the displacement of the Fermi level by \triangle W, caused by the change of the amount of impurities, results in

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The surface of a semiconductor

Card 2/4

the change of the electrostatic potential on the surface also by A W; therefore, the work function remains constant. The dependance of the rectifying properties of a metal-semiconductor contact is caused by a large potential drop in the volume charge density. The balance between electrons and holes can be disturbed by e.g. illumination or injection of charge carriers. The fall of the potential in the process of regaining balance is measured and this leads to determining the relaxation time of the additional charge carriers. Data from recombination and conductivity enable the determination of energy levels in recombination centers. Recently, the surface conduction was determined by the change of the conductivity due to the change of surface condition, using theoretical formulae. Investigations of the screening of the outer field showed that the screening is due to the change of the density of electrons on surface levels. The author mentions the field effect method for measuring the conduction of thin samples of semiconductors. tric field is applied between a semiconductor and an electrode isolated from each other. From the change in the conductivity the magnitude of the volume charge and the potential drop can be determined.

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The surface of a semiconductor

Fig. 5 shows the surface levels of germanium to be covered by a thick layer of oxide. Time in which volume charges occupy (or leave) the excited state levels is less than 10-7 sec, while that for the discrete levels varies from 10-2 sec to a few hours. On clean oxide free surfaces, the discrete states do not exist. The transferring time is connected with the penetration of the charge through the oxide layer. The excited state levels are not effected by an external change, thus proving that they are situated on the surface of the semiconductor under the oxide layer. There are 5 figures and 36 references: 18 Soviet-bloc and 18 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the four most recent English-language publications read as follows: G. Barnes, P. Banbury, Proc. Phys. Soc., 71, 1020 (1958); S.G. Ellis, J. Appl. Phys. 28, 1262 (1957); R. Forman, Phys. Rev., 117, 693 (1960); M. Lasser, C. Wysocki, B. Bernstein, Phys. Rev., 105, 491 (1957).

ASSOCIATION:

Universytet im Marii Curie-Sklodowskiej, Lublin (Marie Curie-Sklodowska University, Lublin)

Card 3/4

JANUSZ SKIERCZYNSKI

FOLAND/Physical Chemistry - Thermodynamics, Thermochemistry, Equilibria, Physical-Chemical Analysis, Phase Transitions.

: Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 7, 1958, 20565 Abs Jour

: Staniskaw Ziemecki, Janusz Skierczynski. Author

M. Curie Sklodowska University. Inst

: Thermodiffusion of Liquid Homologous Compounds. Title

Ann. Univ. M. Curie-Sklodowska, 1955 (1957), AA10, 9-16. Orig Pub

Thermodiffusion columns working without thickening devices Abstract

and lubricating substances were constructed. Thermodiffusion of normal aliphatic alcohols was studied with one of them. The thermodiffusion of alcohols with a longer chain is always directed up, and that of alcohols with a shorter chain is always directed down even if the ratio of molecu-

lar weights was greater than 2.

Card 1/1

THE TENT OF THE TOTAL OF THE TO

PIATKOWSKA, Wanda: SKIKRSKA, Barbara

> Qualitative and quantitative seasonal variations fo flies in Gdansk in 1951. Bull. State Inst. Marine Trop. M. Gdansk Vol.5: 237-254 1953.

1. Z Panstwowego Instytutu Medycyny Morskiej i Tropikalnej w 1. 2 Gdansku. (YLIES.

*seasonal variations in Poland)

And the state of t

SKIERSKA, B.

Mosquitoes in the northern part of Szczecin region and their role in epidemiology of tularemia. Bull. Inst.Marine Trop. M.Gdańsk 6:267-275 1955.

1. Z Panstwowego Instytutu Medycyny Morskiej i Tropikalnej w Gdansku.

(TULAREMIA, transmission, by mosquitoes) (MOSQUITOES, transm. of tularemia)

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NOTE OF A SOCIETY OF A POST OF A POS

SKIERSKA, Barbara

Mosquitoes observed in foci of tularemia in the northern part of the Szczecin region. Przegl. epidem., Warsz. 9 no.3:227-234 1955.

1. Z Instytutu Medycyny Morskiej w Gdansku.

(TULAREMIA, epidemiology; , in Poland, distribution of mosquitoes in epidemic foce.)
(MOSQUITOES, distribution in tularemia epidemic foci in Poland.)

SKIERSKA, Barbara (Gdansk) Mosquitoes in the Bialowieza National Park. Wiadomosci parazyt... Warsz. 2 no.5 Suppl:95-96 1956. 1. Instytut Medycyny Morskiej. (MOSQUITOES, in Poland (Pol))

CIA-RDP86-00513R001551010015-2"

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

LACHMAJER, Jadwiga; SKIERSKA Barbara (Gdansk)

Fleas on Microtus arvalis Pallas and on other small mannals and birds in northern counties of the Szczecin region. Wiadomosci parazyt., Warsz. 2 no.5 Suppl:107-108 1956.

LACHMAJER, Jadwiga; SKIERSKA, Barbara; WEGHER, Zofia

Ticks Haemaphysalis Koch (Ixodidae) found in Poland. Bull. Inst.
Marine Trop. M. Gdansk 7:187-195 1956.

1. Z Panst. Inst. Med. Mors. Trop. w Gdansku.

(TICKS,

Haemaphysalis in Poland (Pol))

G

Poland

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 22, 1958, No 99612

Author : Skierska, B.
Inst : Not given

Title : A Second Case of Mass Attack of Edellonyssus bacoti

Hirst. Mites on Humans in Poland.

Orig Pub : Wiadom.parazytol., 1957,3,No.5,480

Abstract : No abstract.

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IACHMAJER, Jadwiga; SKIERSKA, Barbara

Fleas occurring on Microtus arvalis Pall. & other small mammals & birds in the northern districts of Szczecin province. Bull. Inst. Marine M. Gdansk 8 no.1-2:131-135 1957.

1. Z Instytutu Medycyny Morskiej w Gdansku. (FLEAS

on small mammals & birds in Poland)

SKIERSKA, Barbara

Mosquitoes collected in the Kartuzy district (Gdansk province) in 1957. Wisdomosci parazyt., Warsz. 4 no.5-6:763; Engl. transl. 763-764 1958.

1. Z Zahladu Parazytologii Inst. Medycyny Morskiej w Gdansku. (MOSQUITOES. distribution in Poland (Pol))

LACHMAJER, Jadwiga; SKIERSKA, Barbara

Characteristics of a natural focus of encephalitis viruses in the neighbourhood of Kartuzy (Gdansk province) 1957. I. Fauca Ixodidae and Culicidae from the Kartuzy region. Bull. Inst. Marine M. Gdansk 10 no. 3/4:165-173 *59.

1. From the Institute of Marine Medicine in Gdansk.
(ENCEPHALITIS EPIDEMIC transm.)
(TICES)
(CULEX)

SKIERSKA, Barbara

Researche on the fauna of Bialowieza gnats. Acta parasit 8 no.1/7: 67-83 '60. (EEAI 9:10)

 Z Pracowni Entomologii Lekarskiej Instytutu Medycyny Morskiej w Gdansku. Dyrektor: doc. dr. Zenon Buczowski. Adres autorki: Instytut Medycyny Morskiej Gdansk-Wrzeszcz, Hibnera lc. (Poland--Gnats)

THE TRANSPORT OF THE TR

SKIERSKA, Barbara; LACHMAJER, Jadwiga

The fauna of culicidae in the city of Gdansk and its environs. Bull.Inst.Marine M. Gdansk 11 no.3/4:157-163 '60.

1. From the Institute of Marine Medicine in Gdansk.

(CULEX)

SKIERSKA, Barbara

Mosquito (Culicidae) species caught in a wood situated near the sea in Sztutow (Gdansk Province). Wiadomosci parazyt. 7 no.2:383-386 '61.

1. Instytut Medycyny Morskiej, Gdansk - Wrzeszcz.

(CULEX)

SKIERSKA, Barbara

Discovery of the subarctic mosquito species Aedes (Ochlerotatus) nigripes zetterstaedt (culicidae) in Poland. Bull.inst. mar. med. Gdansk 13 no.1/2:59-68 '62.

1. From the Institute of Marine Medicine in Gdansk. (AEDES)

SKIERSKA, Barbara

Review of the literature on mosquitoes (Culicidae) in Poland and the registration and regional distribution of insects in the country. Wiad. parazyt. 9 no.6:579-597 163

1. Pracownia Entomologii Lekarskiej Instytutu Medycyny Mir-skiej, Gdansk.

SKIERSKA, Barbara

Species of biting mosquitoes (Culicinae) found hitherto in Poland. Bull. inst. mar.med. Gdansk 14 no.3:279-283 '63

1. From the Institute of Marine Medicine in Gdansk.

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Vaning, a new and the sea and decorate and of the season of the sea and frame in the season is which parameters in a season of the seaso

SKIERSKI, L. Automobile radio receiver. p. 19.

Vol. 6, No. 10, Oct. 1956 RADIOMATOR TECHNOLOGY Warszawa, Poland

So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 2, Feb. 1957

SKIKEVICH, O.K. [Skikevych, O.K.] Automatic machine for controlling the recording of earthquakes. Kat.karp.zemletrus. 2 no.3:22-31 '57. (MIRE (Seismometry-Electric equipment) (Automatic control)

SKIKEVICH, O.K. [Skikevych, O.K.]

Method of determining the moments of arrival of seismic waves using auxiliary radio signals. Kat.karp.zemletrus. no.5:41-46

(Seismometry)

(MIRA 15:11)

Optical control of the sensitivity of seismographs. Kat.karp.

(Seismometers)

(MIKA 15:11)

S/819/62/000/003/001/001 E032/E314

AUTHOR: Skikevich, O.K.

TITLE: The increase in resolution and improvement in quality

of seismograms

SOURCE: Akademiya nauk Ukrayins'koyi RSR. Instytut heofyzyky.

Geofizicheskiy sbornik. no. 3(5). 1962. Nekotoryye

voprosy geofizicheskikh issledovaniy na Ukraine,

25 - 34

TEXT: The development of seismic-station networks, the extension of the frequency and dynamic ranges of the recording instruments and the necessity of copying seismograms for the exchange of scientific information impose more stringent conditions on the quality and cost of seismograms. The aim of this work was to investigate, both theoretically and experimentally, possible improvements in this direction. The first part of this paper gives a simple theoretical analysis of the width of the photographically recorded trace as a function of the rate at which the trace is recorded. These theoretical considerations have been checked experimentally, using seismograms obtained at the L'vov Card 1/2

The increase in resolution

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Station (N.V. Veshnyakov et al - Rukovodstvo po proizvodstvu i obrabotke nablyudeniy na seysmicheskikh stantsiyakh SSSR (Manual on the recording and analysis of observations at seismic stations of the USSR), Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1952). In each case, graphs were plotted of the width of the trace as a function of the velocity of the light spot along the trace. It was found that a satisfactory way of improving the resolution of seismograms was to modulate the brightness of the light spot which traces out the final seismogram on the photographic paper. An optical device has been developed for this purpose. The device automatically adjusts the exposure in direct proportion to the velocity of displacement of the light spot, thus increasing the resolution and the readability of seismograms. This, in turn, means that lower recording-paper speeds can be used, e.g. the consumption of photographic material can be reduced by a factor of 2 or 3. automatic exposure-regulator incorporates a gas-filled lamp which has a low inertia and extends the range of regulation of shortperiod oscillations. The use of this lamp also ensures clearer time-markers, which increases the accuracy of determination of the seismic elements. There are 6 figures.

STEEL THE LEGISLAND OF THE STEEL THE STEEL THE STEEL STEEL THE STEEL STE SKILBA, Jan, promovany fyzik Uniaxial gyroscopic platform stability. Zpravodaj VZLU no.5:3-8

> CIA-RDP86-00513R001551010015-2" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

TO SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF

SKILYAGINA, T.S.

Mycolytic activity of soils in Novosibirsk Province, Trudy TSSBS no.8:165-169 '64. (MIRA 18:7)

SKEMEL!, V. N.

SKEGEL', V. N.: "Some problems in the movement and stability of a heavy gyroscope". Kazan', 1955. Min Higher Education USSR. Kazan' Aviation Inst. (Dissertations for the degree of Candidate of Technical Science.)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis' No. 50 10 December 1955. Moscow.

SKIMEL! V.N.

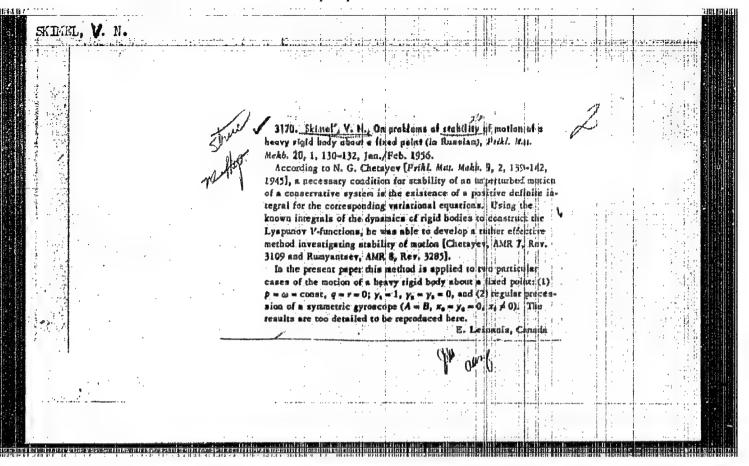
"Motion of a Gyroscope When the Axes of Its Rotor Approach the Axis of the Exterior Cardan Frame," by D. S. Pel'por, "lementy teorii i rascheta giroskopicheskikh i navigatsion-nykh priborov (MVTU, 46), (Elements of Theory and Calculation of Gyro and Mavigation Instruments), Moscow, Oborongiz, 1955, pp 6-22 (from Referativnyy Zhurnal -- Mekhanika, No 1, Jan 57, Abstract No 49, by V. N. Skimel')

The motions being considered take place in aviation gyroscopes during acrobatic flight maneuvers. Setting forth equations of motion, the author considers the behavior of a gyroscope in a looping airplane.

For a free gyroscope approximation of the axes of the rotor and cardan can be accompanied by extremely rapid rotation of the outer shell. Curves showing the character of the change in angular velocity and angular acceleration of the frame are drawn.

Precessional motion of the gyroscope is studied with the position of the axes of rotor and cardan near coincidence. In addition, the effect of friction in the cardan axis bearings (the moment of friction is proportional to the angular velocity) is studied. The author indicates that the moment of friction in the axis bearings of the outer frame and the moment of inertia of the frames can, under known conditions, bring both frames to coincidence ("pulling" the axis of the rotor) or cause a reverse action ("pushing" the axis of the rotor). In both cases the indicated moments change the position of the rotor axis of the gyroscope in space. Several methods of preventing the axes from coinciding are considered. (U)

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Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1960, No. 7, p. 11, # 8432

AUTHOR: Skimel', V. N.

TITLE: Some Problems of Motion and Stability of a Heavy Gyroscope

PERIODICAL: Tr. Kazansk. aviats. in-ta, 1958, Vol. 38, pp. 103-129

TEXT: The author studies the motion stability of a gyroscope with and without Cardanic suspension under the conditions of continuous rotation and regular precession. The sufficient conditions of stability are obtained by the N. G. Chetayev method of integral-sheaf ("integral-svyazka") and the necessary conditions from the first approximation equations. Certain cases of the gyroscope motion are also considered, when the nature of the acting forces allows the reduction of the problem to quadratures.

L. M. Markhashov

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Translator's note: This is the full translation of the original Russian

abstract.

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24(6)

507/146-2-5-11/19

AUTHOR:

Skimel', V.N.

TITLE:

On the Stability of a Heavy Gyroscope During

Cornering

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Priboro-

stroyeniye, 1959. Nr 5, pp 68 - 71 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The motion of a heavy gyroscope on inertia axes (the Lagrange case) has already been treated in detail. The author of the present article investigates mathematically the stability of equilibriin the axis of a heavy gyroscope during revolution when the point of attachment of the gyroscope moves at constant velocity around circumference in the horizontal plane (Figure 1).

article was recommended by the Kafedra teoretiches-

Card 1/2

koy mekhaniki (The Chair of Theoretical Mechanics).

SOV/146-2-5-11/19

On the Stability of a Heavy Gyroscope During Cornering

There are 1 diagram and 3 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Kazanskiy aviatsionnyy institut (The Kazan' Institute of Aviation)

SUBMITTED: June 12, 1959

Card 2/2

SKIMEL', V.N.

Stability of a heavy gyroscope during turns. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.;
(MIRA 13:5)
prib. 2 no.5:63-67 '59.

1. Kazanskiy aviatsionnyy institut. Rekomendovana knfedroy teoreticheskoy mekhaniki.
(Gyroscope)

24.4100 13.2570 5/044/62/000/003/020/092 C111/C222

AUTHOR:

Skimel', V. N.

TITLE:

On the stability of permanent rotations of a gyroscope

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Matematika, no. 3, 1962, 41, abstract 3B179. ("Tr. Kazansk. aviats. in-ta", 1959, 45,

77-84)

The stability of some permanent rotations of a double gyroscopic charsis with one fix-point and six degrees of freedom are

considered. The equations of motion of the system are:

 $\frac{d}{dt} A^* p + (C^* r + H \cos \theta) q - (B^* q + h \sin \theta) r = M_x,$ $\frac{d}{dt}(B^{\bullet}q + h\sin\theta) + A^{\bullet}pr - (C^{\bullet}r + H\cos\theta)p = M_{y},$ $\frac{d}{dt}\left(C^{\bullet}r+H\cos\theta\right)+\left(B^{\bullet}q+h\sin\theta\right)p-A^{\bullet}pq=M_{z},$

where M_{χ} , M_{y} , M_{z} are the moments of the external forces relative to Card 1/3

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On the stability of permanent ...

S/044/62/000/003/020/092 C111/C222

the axes x, y, z;

 $2A\theta - hq \cos \theta + Hr \sin \theta + 2(C - A)(r^2 - q^3) \sin \theta \cos \theta = 2AI(\theta),$ $\frac{d}{d\bar{t}}G(\bar{r}_1 - q \sin \theta + r \cos \theta) = AI_{z_1},$ $\frac{d}{d\bar{t}}C(\bar{r}_2 + q \sin \theta + r \cos \theta) = AI_{z_1},$

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On the stability of personent ... S/0.44/62/000/003/020/C)?
1) ... 1, A = A = 0 (rotation around the x axis); 2) \alpha = 0, \beta = 1, the z-rate). The stability conditions in the energy are:

A = B_1^* \omega^2 > 0, A = C_1^* \omega^2 > 0, (A - B_1^* \omega^2) [A - C_1^* \omega^2) I_1 - I_2^2] - I_1^2 (A - C_1^* \omega^2) > 0, I_1 = h\omega \cos \theta_1, I_2 - H\omega \sin \theta_1, I_3 - 2h, I_3 = H\omega \sin \theta_1, I_3 - h\omega \sin \theta_1, I_3 - h\omega \cos \theta_1, I_3 - h\omega
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S/040/60/024/04/20/023 C 111/ C 333

AUTHOR: Skimel', V. N. (Kazan')

TITLE: On the Stability of Stationary Motions of the Gyroscope Frame

PERIODICAL: Prikladnaya matematika i mekhanika, 1960, Vol. 24, No. 4,

pp. 760-762

TEXT: The author considers a rigid body (frame) with a fixed point 0 around which the frame can arbitrarily rotate. On the frame two gyroscopes are installed, the housings of which can rotate relative to the frame around two parallel axes (by equal angles). The housings to the frame around two parallel axes (by equal angles). The housings to the frame around two parallel axes (by equal angles). The housings to the frame as spring. The author asks for the possibility of are connected by a spring. The author asks for the proscopes are not of the frame is taken into consideration. The gyroscopes are not of the frame is taken into consideration. The gyroscopes are not assumed to be "quick" in the sense of the elementary theory. The assumed to be "quick" in the sense of the elementary theory. The proper velocities of the gyroscopes can be different. The motion takes place only under the influence of gravity. The system is understood as place only under the influence of gravity. The system is understood as a conservative one and is considered in an inertial system. Under the assumptions made the author states that by a suitable choice of the proper velocities of the gyroscopes one can obtain a rotation of the

Card 1/2

S/040/60/024/04/20/023 C 111/ C 333

On the Stability of Stationary Motions of the Gyroscope Frame

B

frame around an arbitrary vertical axis. The stability of these rotations is investigated; sufficient stability conditions are given.

The author mentions A. Yu. Ishlinskiy and V. V. Rumyantsev.

There are 6 Soviet references.

SUBMITTED: March 18, 1960

Card 2/2

SKIMMEL, V. I.

"Stability of a certain motion of solid bodies with gyroscope."

Report presented at the Conference on Applied Stability-of-Motion Theory and Analytical Mechanics, Kazan Aviation Institute, 6-8 December 1962

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 C

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L 2987-66 EWT(d)/FSS-2/EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EEC(k)-2/EED-2/EWA(c) JD/BC ACCESSION NR: AT5023184 UR/2529/62/000/071/0036/0041

A STEED OF A CONTROL OF THE CONTROL

AUTHOR: Skimel', V. N.

TITLE: On the stability of some gyrostat motions

SOURCE: Kazan. Aviatsionnyy institut. Trudy, no. 71, 1962. Matematika i mekhanika, 36-41

TOPIC TAGS: gyrostat, stability criterion, Hamilton equation, flywheel

ABSTRACT: The stability criterion for the motion of a solid body fixed at one point with a flywheel placed inside it is developed analytically. The schematic of the rotating body and the flywheel is shown in Fig. 1 on the Enclosure. It is assumed that the rotation of the flywheel does not significantly disturb the geometry of the system's mass distribution. The total kinetic energy of the system is written in canonical coordinates, and the equations of motion are derived for the potential field

 $U = \int Q \sin \theta d\theta.$

The solution of the equations of motion is given as follows

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$$\varphi = \varphi(t), \quad \psi = \psi_0 + \omega t, \quad \Theta = \Theta_0, \quad \alpha = \alpha(t),$$

$$p_1 = \text{const.}, \quad p_2 = \text{const.}, \quad p_3 = 0, \quad p_4 = p_4(l)$$

with the condition

$$A \omega^3 \cos \theta_0 - p_1 \omega + Q_0 = 0.$$

Using Lyapunov functions, the following sufficient condition is derived for stability

$$a_m = \left(\frac{\partial^m K^*}{\partial \theta^m}\right)_{\theta = \theta_0} > 0$$

where

$$K^* = \frac{(p_2 - p_1 \cos \theta)^2}{2A \sin^2 \theta} + \frac{p_2^2}{2A} - U.$$

The example of a gyrostat in a central force field is given to illustrate the above analysis. Orig. art. has: 17 equations.

ASSOCIATION: Kazanskiy aviatsionnyy institut (Kazan Aviation Institute)

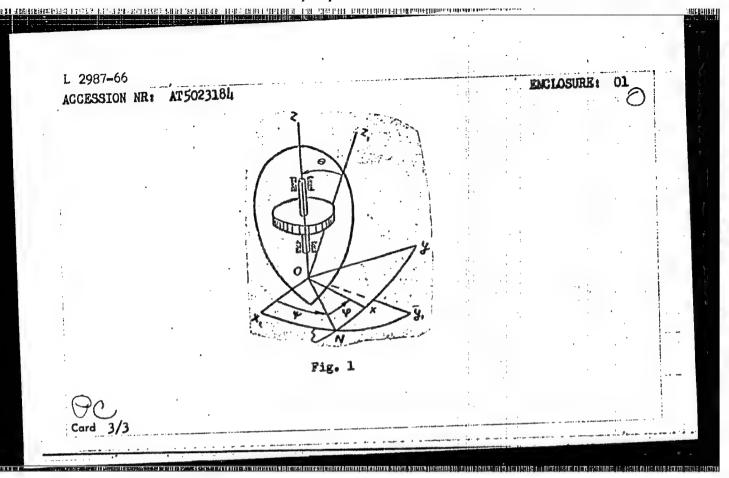
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	SOURCE CODE:	UR/2529/63/000/	080/0034/004	η
AUTHOR: Skimel', V. N.		÷	24	
ORG: Kazan Aviation Institute (Kazanskiy a		titut)	B+1	
TITLE: The stability of a gyroscopic syste				
SOURCE: Kazan. Aviatsionnyy institut. Trud (Mathematics and mechanics), 34-41	y, no. 80, 1963	. Matematika i m	tekhanika.	
TOPIC TAGS: motion stability, Lagrange	equation, gyros	cope system		
ABSTRACT: The stability of a gyroscopic sys			by the set	
$\left(\frac{d}{dt}\frac{\partial T_2}{\partial \dot{q}_\alpha} - \frac{\partial T_2}{\partial q_\alpha} = \sum_{i=1}^n g_{i\alpha}\dot{q}_{i\alpha}\right)$	$q + \frac{\partial U}{\partial q_a} (a = 1, \dots)$, m),		
$\left\langle \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial T_2}{\partial q_3} - \frac{\partial T_2}{\partial q_3} = \sum_{i=1}^n g_i^2$	$i\beta q_1$ $(\beta = m + 1,$, n)		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
s analyzed. For the particular case	1119 t j. tv			
a = a	$q_{\beta} = q_{\beta_0}$			

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ACC NR: AT6007332

the equilibrium position is stable relative to the generalized coordinates q_1, \dots, q_n , q_1, \dots, q_n if there exists a function $W(q_1, q_1)$ which is positive definite in the domain $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} q_n^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} q_n^2 < H$ such that $E - W \ge 0$. The criterion is then extended to include the variables q_{m+1}, \dots, q_n . It is shown that if the potential energy $U(q_1, \dots, q_n)$ has an isolated maximum at the equilibrium position $q_1 = \dots = q_m = 0$, then the equilibrium position of the system $\sum_{j=1}^{\infty} (a_{ij}q_j + g_{ij}q_j + c_{ij}q_j) = 0 \quad (i=1,\dots,n)$ is stable relative to the variables $q_1,\dots,q_n, q_1,\dots,q_n$ and also relative to the variables q_{m+1},\dots,q_n if G'>0. Here, G' is the determinant $|G'| = |g_{jj}| > 0 \quad (f,j=m+1,\dots,n).$ Several special cases are treated to illustrate these conditions. Orig. art. has: 13 equations and 1 figure.

SUB CODE:17, 20/SUBM DATE: 05Sep63/ ORIG REF: 002

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Card 2/2 (C

RUNYANTOW, V.V.; SKIEL! V.L. (Moscow)

"Statility of Eyroscopes, gyrostats, and gyroscopic systems"

Report presented at the 2nd All-Union Congress on Theoretical and Applied Mechanics, Moscow 29 Jan - 5 Feb 64.

SKINLER, B.

SKINDER, B. Observations on planning technical progress in the footwear industry during 1956. p. 163.

Vol. 11, no. 7, July 1956 FRZEGLAD SKORZALY FHTLOSCFHY & RELIGION Warszawa, Foland

SO: Fast European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 3, March 1957

SKINDER, I.B. Arrono ilos - a rinco Notified the condition of the condition of the second of t THE LOCAL BESING ASSESSED, LOCALID OF SERVICES, CONTINUED.

SKINDER, T. B.

SKINDER, I. B. - "Investigation of automotive hydraulic 'amortizers' (brakes?)".

Moscow, 1955. Min Automobile Industry. State Union Order of Labor Red Banner
Sci R s Automobile and Automotor Inst (NAMI). (Dissertation for the Degree
of Candidate of Technical Sciences).

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis' No. 1/0, 12 November 1955, Moscow

SKINDER, I.B., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Coefficients of resistance and rigidity of automobile hydraulic shock abosrbers. Avt.i trakt.prom. no.5:6-11 My '56. (MIRA 9:8)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel skiy avtomatornyy institut.
(Automobiles--Shock absorbers)

SKINDER, I.B., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Evaluating the efficiency of hydraulic shock absorbers. Avt. 1 trakt.prom. no.8:16-21 Ag '56. (MLRA 9:10)

1. Nauchno-issledovateliskiy avtomobilinyy institut.
(Shock absorbers)

SKINDER, I.B., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; FILIPPOV, V.P.

Stands used in testing automobile shock absorbers, Avt. 1 trakt. prom. (MIRA 10:6)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomotornyy institut i Moskovskiy zavod malclitrazhnykh avtomobiles.—Shock absorbers)

SKINDER, I.B., kand.tekhn.nauk

Thermal state of telescopic shock absorbers under operating conditions. Avt.prom. no.7:14-17 J1 160. (MRA 13:7)

1. Gosudarstvennyy soyuznyy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i avtomotornyy institut. (Automobiles--Shock absorbers)

S/113/60/000/010/u02/u14 D27U/D301

AUTHORS:

Skinder, I.B., Candidate of Technical Sciences, Liepa,

Yu. A., and Derbaremdiker, A.D.

The telescopic shock absorbers of ZIL trucks

PERIODICAL: Avtomobilinaya promyshlennosti, no. 10, 1960, 7 - 10

Telescopic shock absorbers have only recently come into use in the USSk. The Moskovskiy karbyuratornyy zavod (Moscow Carburettor Plant) has prepared for production of telescopic shock absortor Plant) bers for ZIL trucks. Their design was developed by the plant's design and experimental section together with the Suspension Laboratory of NAMI. Sectional view of a unit for a ZIL-164A truck is given in the article. The shock absorbers were tested under the following conditions: piston stroke 100 mm, frequency of vibrations -100 per min., temperature of absorber 200, maximum speed of piston 52 cm/sec. The characteristics of the ZIL-164A shock absorber were determined by calculations and then made more accurate as a result of road comfort tests in actual operating conditions. Its smoothness was assessed from the vertical acceleration of the driver's Card 1/3

The telescopic shock absorbers

S/113/60/000/010/002/014 D270/D301

seat and in the rear part of the body. Oscillograms of work of the front suspension are shown: a) Without shock absorbers, and b) with shock absorbers. They show that the dynamic motion of the springs is reduced with shock absorbers, and this ensures a longer life, and permits higher speeds. Large forces may be produced in the shock absorbers. The data indicate, for example, a spring displacement of 125 mm and a recoil force of 697 kg on a poor road. The information quoted demonstrates that the shock absorber must be provided with a reserve stroke and components and assemblies of corresponding strength. Experiments showed that temperature has little effect, because the shock absorbers heat up quickly with the work of the vehicle. Their energy capacity is reduced to a lesser degree than is the case with lever-operated absorbers. The main cause of this reduction at higher temperatures is due to leakage, which is smaller in the case of telescopic units. The latter do not require special adjustment during operation. The Gor'kovskiy avtomobil nyy zavod (Gor'kiy Automobile Plant), Minskiy avtomobil nyy za-vod (Minsk Automobile Plant) and the Zaporozhskiy avtomobil nyy zavod (Zaporozh'ye Automobile Plant) are preparing to manufacture Card 2/3

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The telescopic shock absorbers ...

S/113/60/000/010/002/014 D270/D301

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these shock absorbers for their own vehicles. Their designs differ little on from another, and unification would therefore lower the costs of production, operation and servicing. There are 4 figures

ASSOCIATION:

Moskovskiy karbyuratornyy zavod (Moscow Carburettor Plant)

Card 3/3

SKINDER, I.B., kand.takhn.nauk Design of modern telescopic shock absorbers. Avt.prom. (MIRA 14:10) no.8:21-26 Ag '61. l. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i avtomotornyy institut. (Motor vehicles--Shock absorbers)

SKINDER, I.B., kand.tekhn.nauk; TOL'SKIY, V.Ye.; SEMENOV, G.I.

Investigating and developing the design of the suspension for the IAMZ-236 engine. Avt.prom. 27 no.11:7-10 N '61. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i avtomotornyy institut i Yaroslavskiy motornyy zavod.

(Motortrucks--Engines)

SKINDER, I.B., kand.tekhn.nauk; ZATSERKOVNYY, I.G.

Theoretical and experimental investigation of the mass distribution factor for the LAZ-695B motorbus. Avt.prom. 30 nc.2:9-12 F '64. (MTRA 17:4)

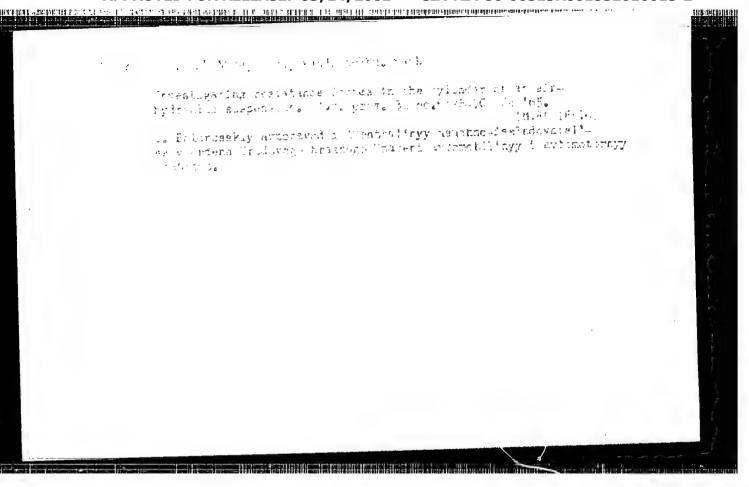
1. Gosudarstvennyy soyuznyy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy 1 avtomotornyy institut i L'vovskiy avtobusnyy zavod.

SAFONOVA, I.A.; SKINDER, I.B.

Investigating fluids for modern telescopic shock absorbers.

Avt. prom. 30 no.10:25-28 0 '64.

1. TSentral'nyy ordena Trudovego Krasnogo Znameni nauchno-issledo-vatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i avtometernyy institut.



SKINDER, L.

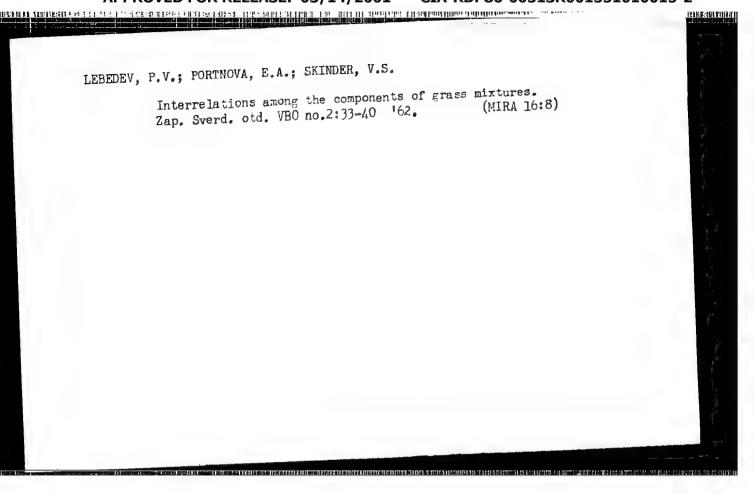
SKINDER, L. Organizing work on construction sites. Pt. 1. p. 121

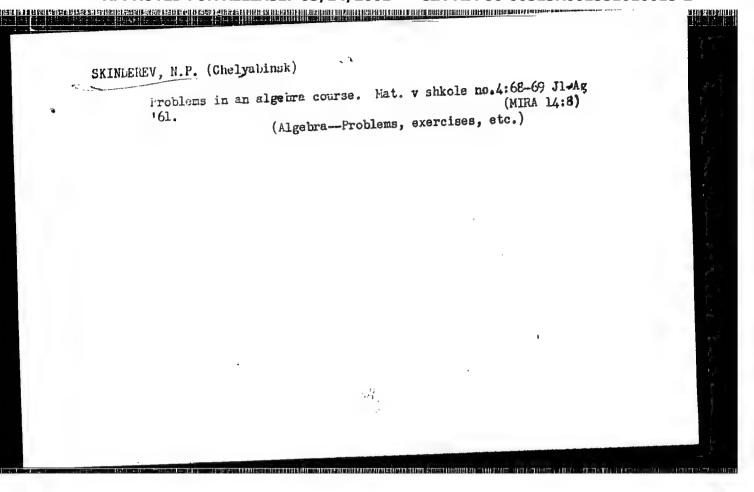
Vol. 8, no. 6, June 1956 PRZEGLAD KOLEJOWY DROGOMY TECHNOLOGY Warszawa, Poland

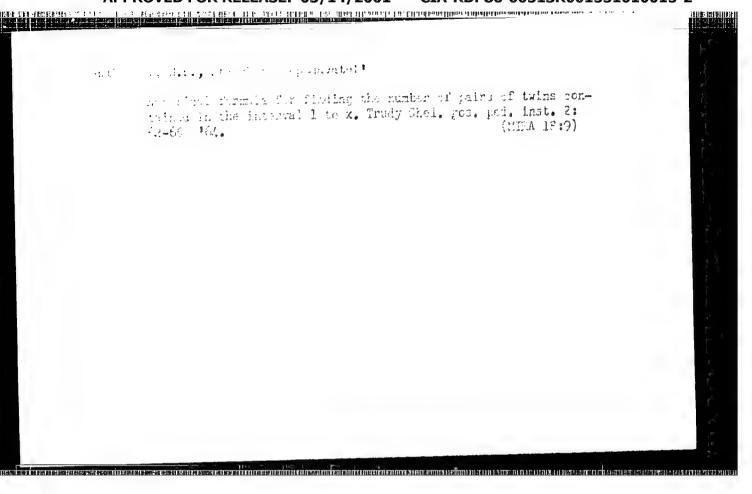
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OKING COMIN, B: F DIATRIKI, H. Surveying in connection with building a soal pit and constructing a shaft tower. Pt. 1. Curveying the construction of a coal pit. (To be contd.) p. 300. Vol 11, no. 9, lept 1955. FRATCHAR GEODINYJIW. Warsow, Poland.

So: Castern European Accession. Vol 5, no. 4, April 1956

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SKINDEROWICZ, B.; PODMAGORSKI, H.

Surveying in connection with building a coal pit and constructing a shaft tower. (Conclusion) p. 348. PRZEGLAD GEODEZYJNY. Warszawa. Vol. 11, no. 10, Oct. 1955.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, no. 3, March 1956

SKINDEROWICZ, B.; TYBULCZUK, F.

Geodetic control measurements of hoisting installations. p. 137.

Vol. 12, no. 4, Apr. 1956 Warszawa

PRZEGLAD GEODEZYJNY

SOURCE: East European Acession List (EEAL) Library of Congress

Vol. 5, no. 8, August 1956

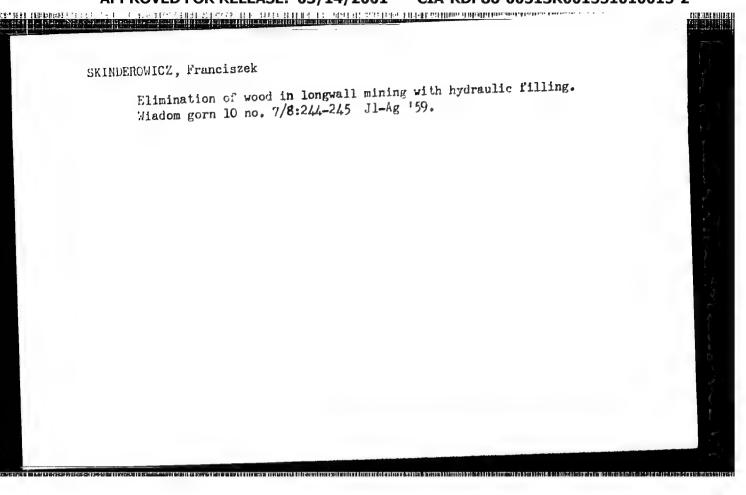
HORECKI, Marcin, prof. mgr inz.; ROMANOWICZ, Edward, mgr inz.;
SKINDEROWICZ, Bronislaw, mgr inz.

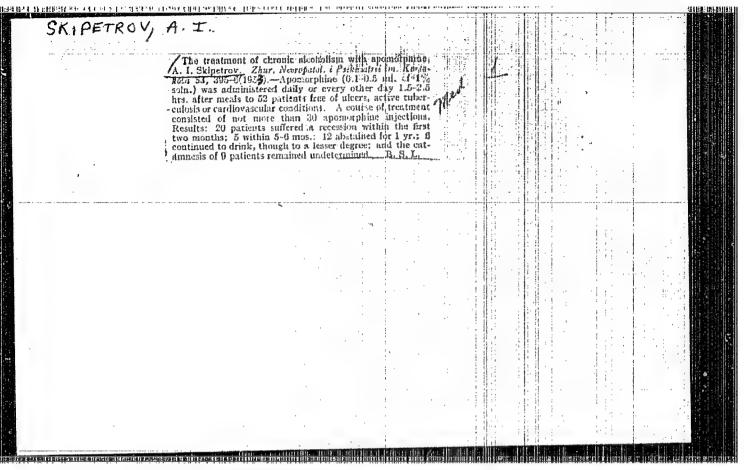
Safe mining within the pit shaft protection pillars. Przegl gorn 20 no.9:410-421 S 164.

SKINDEROWICZ, Bronislaw, mgr inz.

Utilization of the protection pillars in coal mining. Przegi techn 84 no.4:4 27 Ja 163.

Scientific-technological conference on the subject: "Technological and economic analysis of the use of safety pillars." Przegl gorn 18 no.11:662-663 N '62.





SKIPTUROV, A.I.

Psychotherapy in the clinic. Zhur.nevr.i psikh. 53 no.6:467-469 Je *53. (MLEA 6:6)

1. Ul'yanovskiy oblastnoy psikhonevrologicheskiy dispanser. (Psychotherapy)

Control of the contro (Ul'yanovsk) SKIPETROV, A. I. O Sostoyanii i Zadachakh Psikhonevrologicheskoy Pomoshch i v Ul'yanovskoy Oblasti. p. 545, V sb. Aktual'n. probl. nevropatol. i psikhiatrii, Kuybyhhev, 1957.

SKIPETROV, P.

"Indexes of Labor Productivity for Soviet Agriculture," Setsial. Sel! Khoz.,
No.5, pp 54, 63, 1955

Translation 1-910, 21 Dec 55

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SUVOROVA, Mariya Il'inichna; SKIPETROV, P.A., dotsent, otv.red.;
KHROMOVA, Ye.A., red.; YERMAKOV, M.S., tekhn.red.

[The subject of economics] Predmet politichaskoi ekonomii;
lektsiia. Otv.red. P.A.Skipetrov. Moskva, Izd-vo Mosk,univ.,
1959. 39 p. (Economics)

SKIPETROV, P.A.; SOKOLOVSKIY, T.Ya.; PERENKOV, A.P.; ROMANOV, B.V.; FEDOROV, V.P.; MARINKO, I.L.; dotsent; AGANEEGYAN, A.G.; YUZIRA, V.Yu., red.; YERMAKOV, M.S., tekhn.red.

[Increasing labor productivity is the main factor in expanding agricultural production under the seven-year plan] Povyshenie proizvoditel'nosti truda - glavnoe uslovie rosta sel'skokhozisist-vennogo proizvodstva v semiletka. Moskva, Izd-vo Mosk.univ., 1960. 134 p. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Moscow. Universitat.
(Agriculturs--Labor productivity)

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SPIRIDONOVA, Nina Sergeyevna; SKIPETROV, P.A., red.; FEREKALINA, N.S., red.; GEORGIYEVA, G.I., tekhn. red.

[Business accounting under the new conditions of industrial management]Khoziaistvennyi raschet v novykh usloviiakh upravleniia promyshlennost'iu. Pod red. P.A.Skipetrova. Moskva, Izdvo Mosk.univ., 1961. 511 p. (MIRA 15:1) (Finance)

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